

# ECEN 615

## Methods of Electric Power Systems Analysis

### Lecture 1: Power Systems Overview

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Prof. Tom Overbye

Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Texas A&M University

[overbye@tamu.edu](mailto:overbye@tamu.edu)



TEXAS A&M  
UNIVERSITY

# Course Mechanics

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- In Fall 2020 ECEN 615 was suppose to be offered both live on campus and distance learning
- Now it is offered live via Zoom and distance learning, with students from both sections able to participate synchronously from 8 to 915am (Central Time) Tuesday and Thursday
  - I'll be emailing out the Zoom link to all the registered students
- The course has a public website as well as a private Canvas website
  - We'll post all material on Canvas, including the Zoom lectures
  - Much material will be on the public website, included the ppts of the lectures, but not the Zoom recordings

# Syllabus Material

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- The syllabus is posted in several locations
- The public website is
  - [overbye.engr.tamu.edu/ecen-615-fall-2020/](http://overbye.engr.tamu.edu/ecen-615-fall-2020/)
- Assumed background is an undergrad power class
- The course will have homework and probably a project, as well as two in class exams
  - The final grade is 35% for the first exam, 35% for the second exam, and 30% for the homework and project
- The book is A. J. Wood, B. F. Wollenberg, G. B. Sheble, *Power Generation, Operation and Control*, Third Edition, Wiley, 2013, ISBN-13: 978-0471790556.

# Canvas

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- Starting this year Texas A&M is transitioning to a new learning management system (LMS) known as Canvas
- We'll be using Canvas for ECEN 615 this semester, though I'm not sure yet which features we'll be using
- The login for Canvas is at [lms.tamu.edu](https://lms.tamu.edu)
- There is training available on the site, and I think you'll find it fairly intuitive
- Canvas will not become active for ECEN 615 until the first day of class

# About Me: Professional

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- Received BSEE, MSEE, and Ph.D. all from University of Wisconsin at Madison (83, 88, 91)
- Worked for eight years as engineer for an electric utility (Madison Gas & Electric)
- Was at UIUC from 1991 to 2016, doing teaching and doing research in the area of electric power systems
- Joined TAMU in January 2017
- Taught many power systems classes over last 29 years
- Developed commercial power system analysis package, known now as PowerWorld Simulator. This package has been sold to about 600 different corporate entities worldwide
- DOE investigator for 8/14/2003 blackout
- Member US National Academy of Engineering

# About Me: TAMU Research Group



# TAMU Energy and Power Group (EPG)



# Electric Grid Control Room at CIR





# About Me: Nonprofessional

- Married to Jo
- Have three children: Tim, Hannah and Amanda
- We homeschooled our kids with Tim now a PhD student at TAMU, Hannah working at Stanford, and Amanda a junior at Belmont in environmental sciences
- Jo just finished a master's in counseling, we attend Grace Bible Church in College Station (and teach the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> graders sometimes); I am the faculty advisor for Christian Engineering Leaders; I also like swimming, biking and watching football (Aggies and Packers!)



# About TA Julian Thekkemathiotte

- Second year Master's student
  - B.Tech (EE, Vellore Institute of Technology, India)
  - Research Assistant since May 2020
  - Research Area
    - Grid Interconnection Studies
    - Price Response Demand
  - Advisor: Prof. Tom Overbye
  - Hobbies: Soccer, hiking



Bastrop, Texas, 2020



The control room at the A&M Center for Infrastructure Renewal (CIR)

# Announcements

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- Start reading Chapters 1 to 3 from the book (mostly background material)
- We'll be using PowerWorld Simulator fairly extensively in this class, both the educational and professional versions
- Download the free 42 bus educational versions of PowerWorld Simulator at <https://www.powerworld.com/gloveroverbyesarma>

# Course Topics

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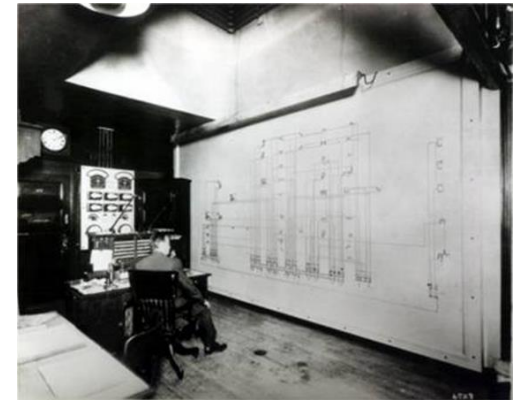


- Introduction to Power Systems
- Overview of Power System Modeling and Operation
- Power Flow
- Sparse Matrices in Power System Analysis
- Sensitivity Analysis and Equivalents
- Power System Data Analytics and Visualization
- Optimal Power Flow and Power Markets
- Power System State Estimation
- High Impact, Low Frequency Events

# ECEN 615 Motivation: A Vision for a Long-Term Sustainable Electric Future



- In 2000 the US National Academy of Engineering (NAE) named Electrification (the vast networks of electricity that power the developed world) as the top engineering technology of the 20th century
  - Beating automobiles (2), airplanes (3), water (4), electronics (5)
  - Electricity has changed the world!
- For the 21th century the winner could be “Development of a sustainable and resilient electric infrastructure for the entire world”



# Power System Examples

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- Electric utility: can range from quite small, such as an island, to one covering half the continent
  - there are four major interconnected ac power systems in North American, each operating at 60 Hz ac; 50 Hz is used in some other countries.
- Microgrids can power smaller areas (like a campus) and can be optionally connected to the main grid
- Airplanes and Spaceships: reduction in weight is primary consideration; frequency is 400 Hz.
- Ships and submarines
- Automobiles: dc 12 V standard; 360-376 V for electric
- Battery operated portable systems

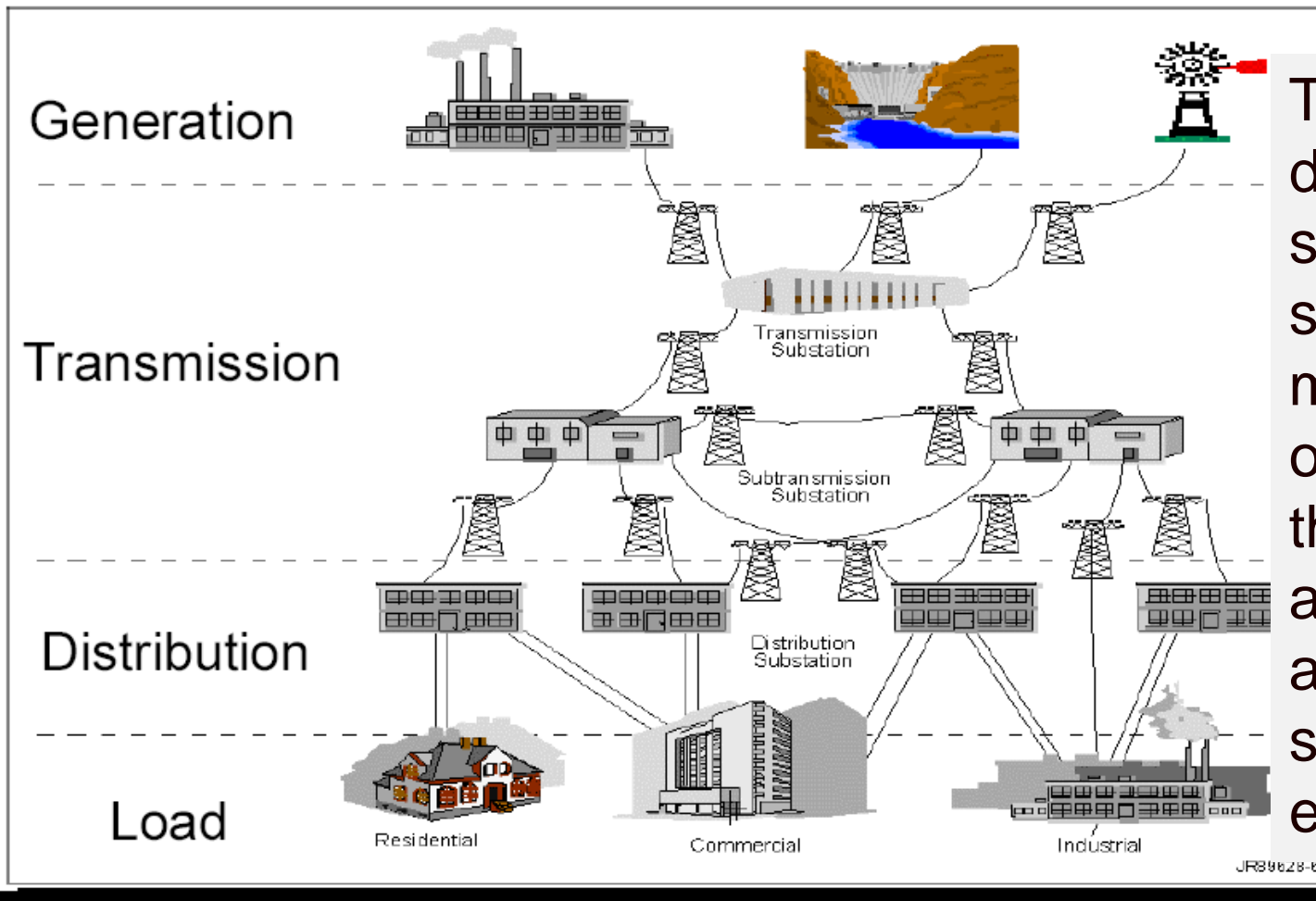
# Electric Grid Overview

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- Generation – source of electric energy
  - Coal had provided over half of the U.S. electric energy, but now natural gas leads, with renewable sources rapidly growing
- Load – consumes electric energy
  - Consumers are in complete control of the switch; utilities must supply enough power to meet load
- Transmission and Distribution – the wires that carry the power from generation to load
  - Operating at voltages up to 765 kV (kilovolt), with 500 kV, 345 kV and 230 kV common

# Major Power Grid Components



The distribution system is the source of most outages, but these are almost always small-scale events



# Electric Grid Time Frames

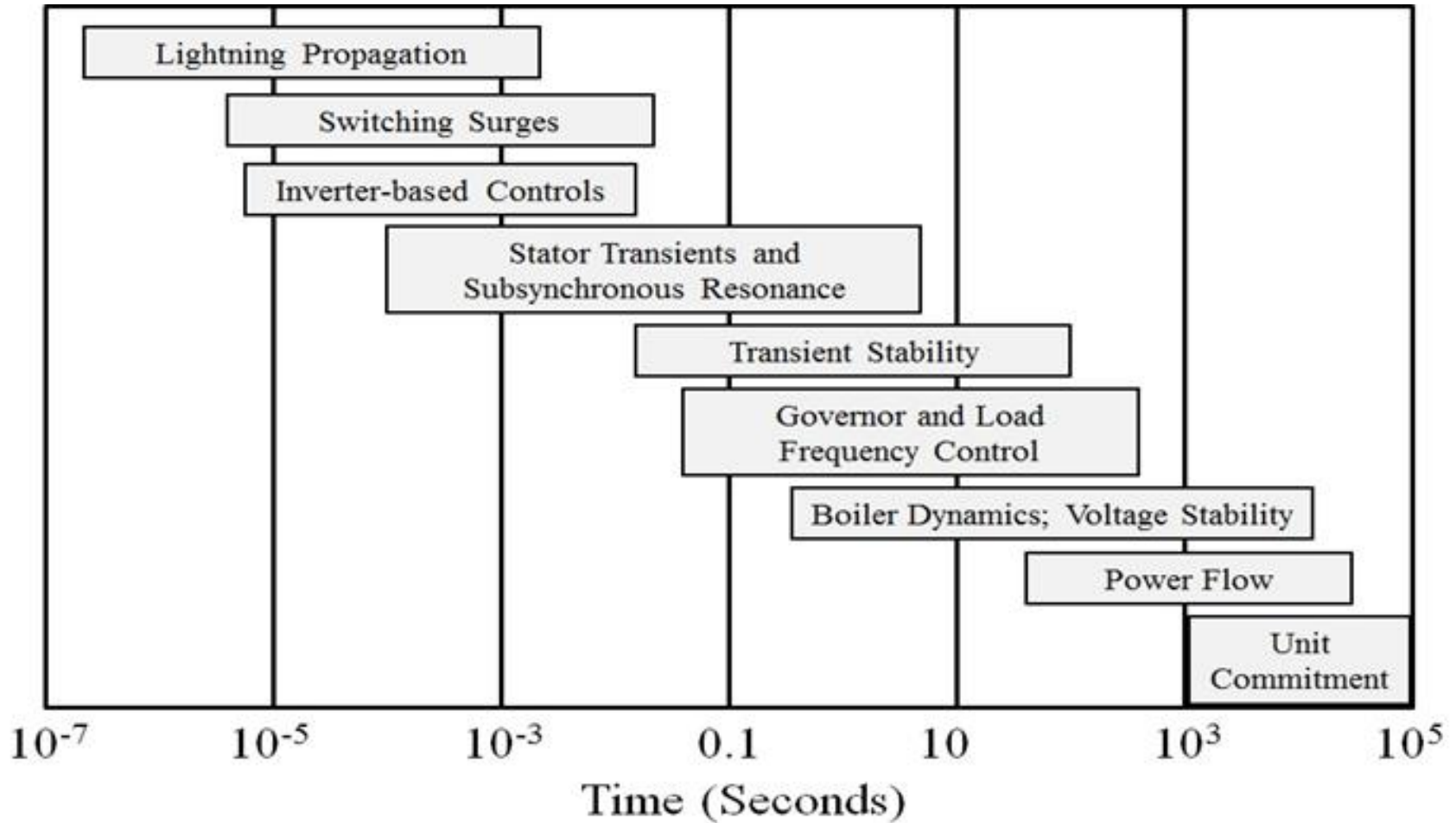


Image: Sauer, P.W., M. A. Pai, Power System Dynamics and Stability, Stripes Publishing, 2007

# Power and Energy

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- Power is the instantaneous transfer of energy; expressed in watts (W), kW, MW, GW
  - US installed generation capacity is about 1000 GW
- Energy is the integration of power over time; expressed in units of joules ( $J = 1 \text{ W-sec}$ ), kWh ( $3.6 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$ ), or btu ( $1055 \text{ J}$ ;  $1 \text{ MBtu} = 0.292 \text{ MWh}$ )
- U.S. electric energy consumption is about 4100 billion kWh (about 12,500 kWh per person; 1.4 kW continuous per person on average)

# AC System Analysis

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- The power grid is an ac system, operating at close to 60 Hz in North America, 50 Hz in many other places
- Constant frequency ac systems are analyzed using phasor analysis, which expresses a time varying value, such as a voltage or current, as a magnitude and phase angle
  - $v(t) = V_{\max} \cos(\omega t + \theta_v) \rightarrow V_{\text{rms}} \angle \theta_v$
  - Phase angle is always with respect to an arbitrary reference angle

# Three-Phase Systems



- Essentially all large-scale electric grids are three-phase
  - Three wires, with the same voltage magnitude and a phase shift of 120 degrees
- Usually the high voltage electric grid is “balanced,”
  - This means that it can be very well modeled as an equivalent single-phase system
  - The three-phase lines are often shown with a single line, what is known as a oneline



# Synchronous Electric Grids

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- Much of the electricity in the developed world is supplied by large-scale, 60 or 50 Hz synchronous electric grids
  - Such grids can provide improved reliability, larger electricity markets and often economics of scale
  - However, they add planning complexities
  - Power can be transferred between synchronous grids by first converting it to dc, with HVDC lines one example
- Islands, and other parts of the world are supplied by smaller electric grids

# North America Interconnections



# All Three US Grids Are 60 Hz, But Are Not Usually At the Same Value



- Images show the frequency during the 2020 Super Bowl

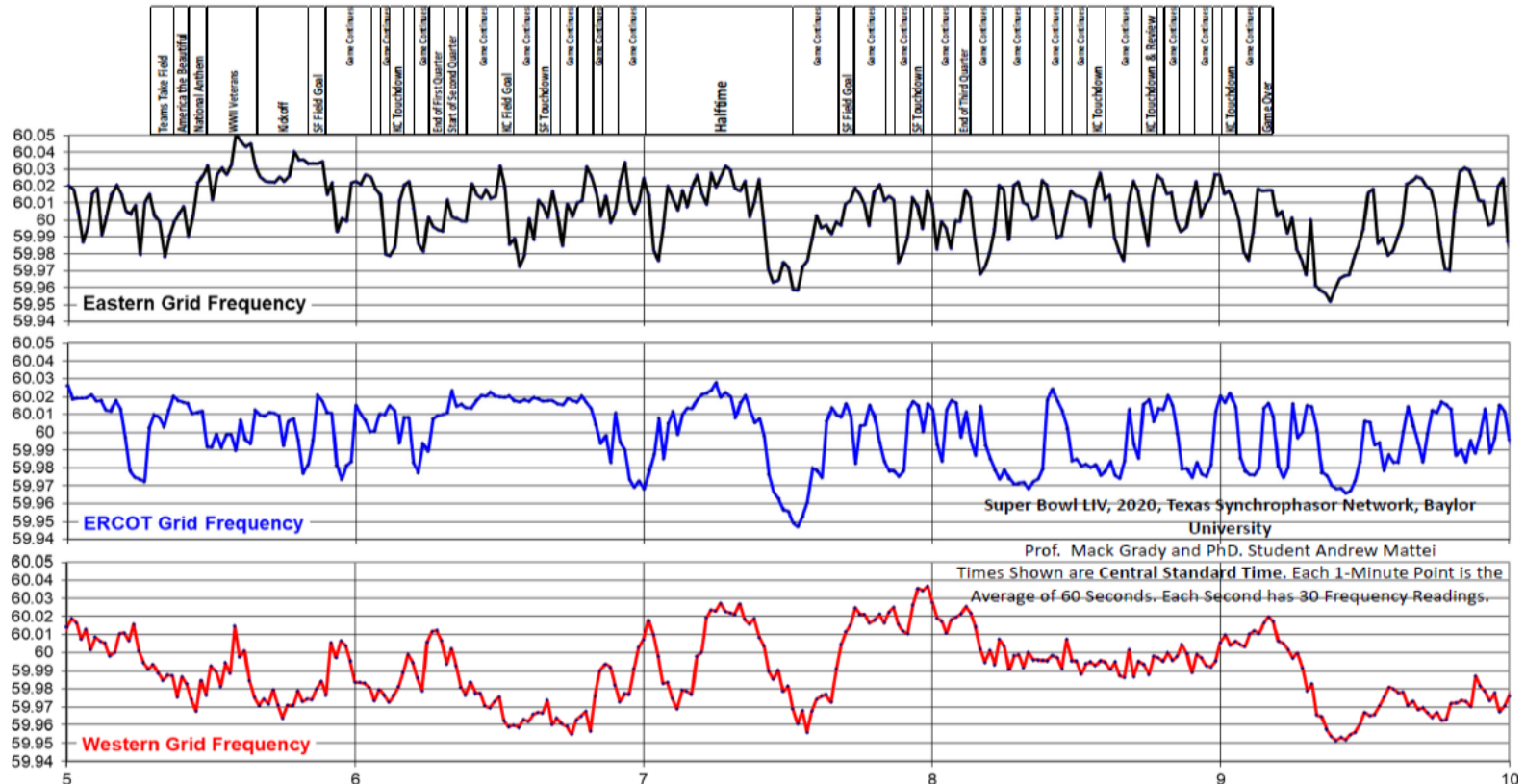
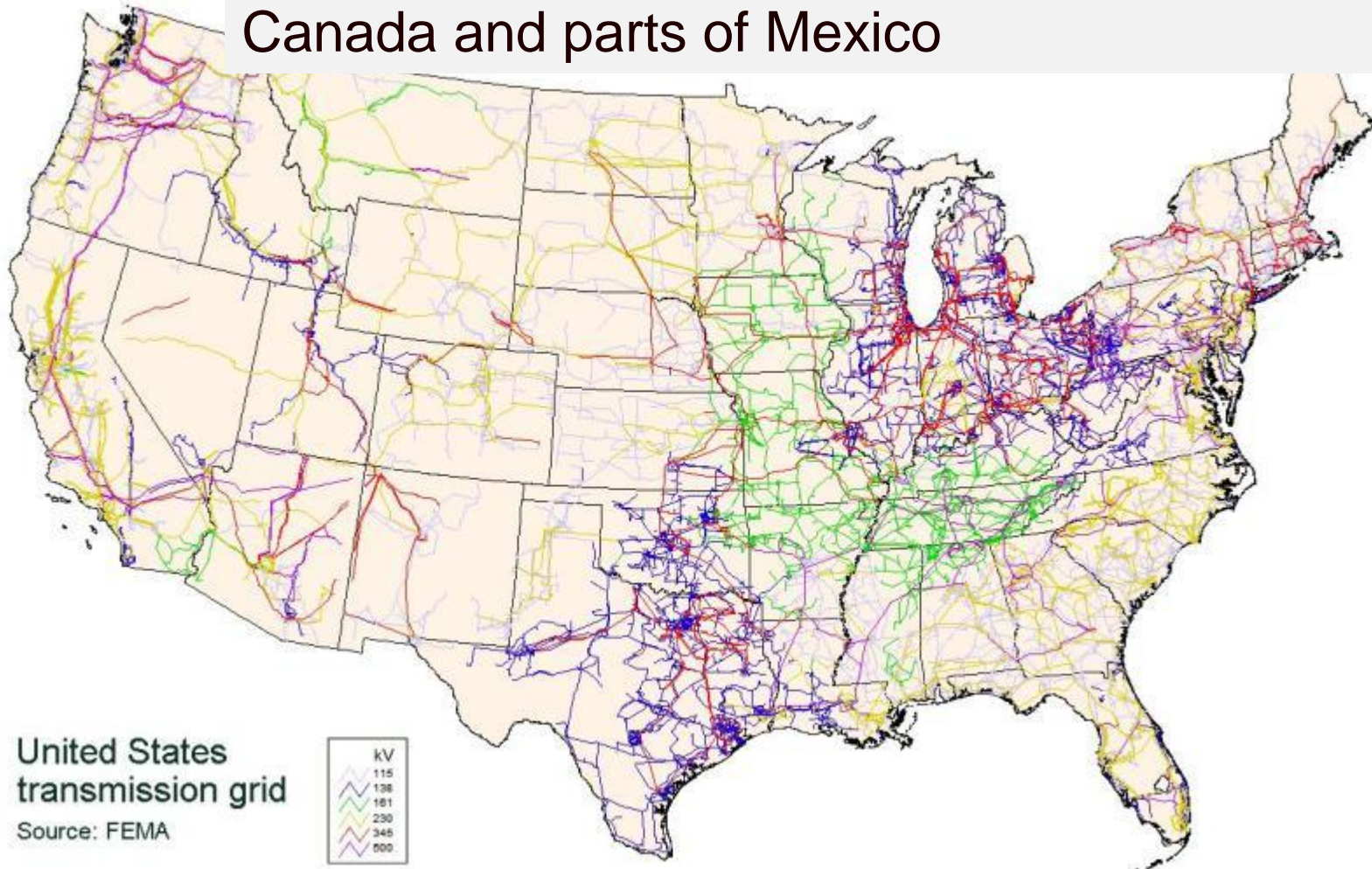


Image from Prof. Mack Grady of Baylor University

# Continental US Transmission Grid

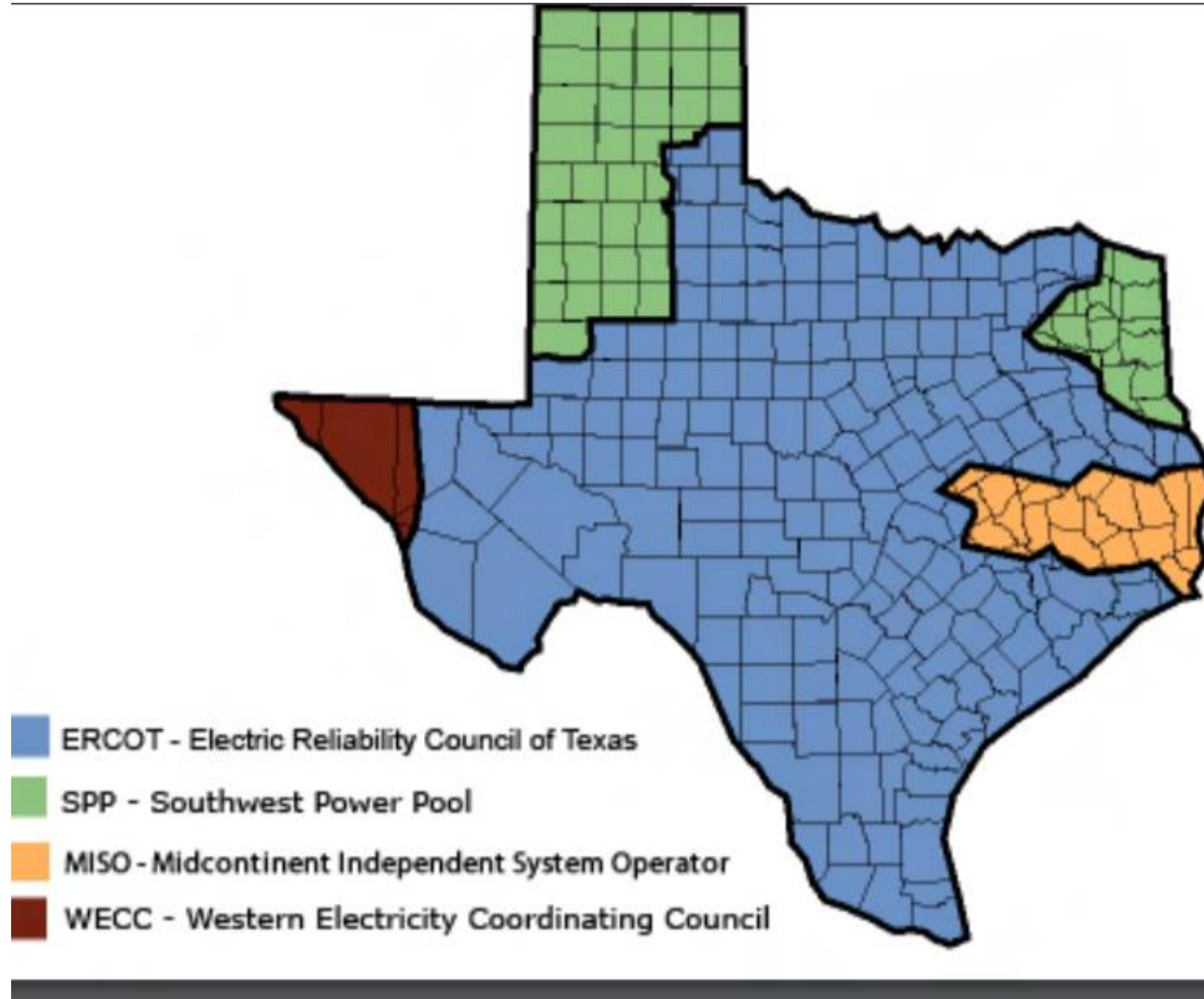


The Continental US Grid is interconnected with Canada and parts of Mexico



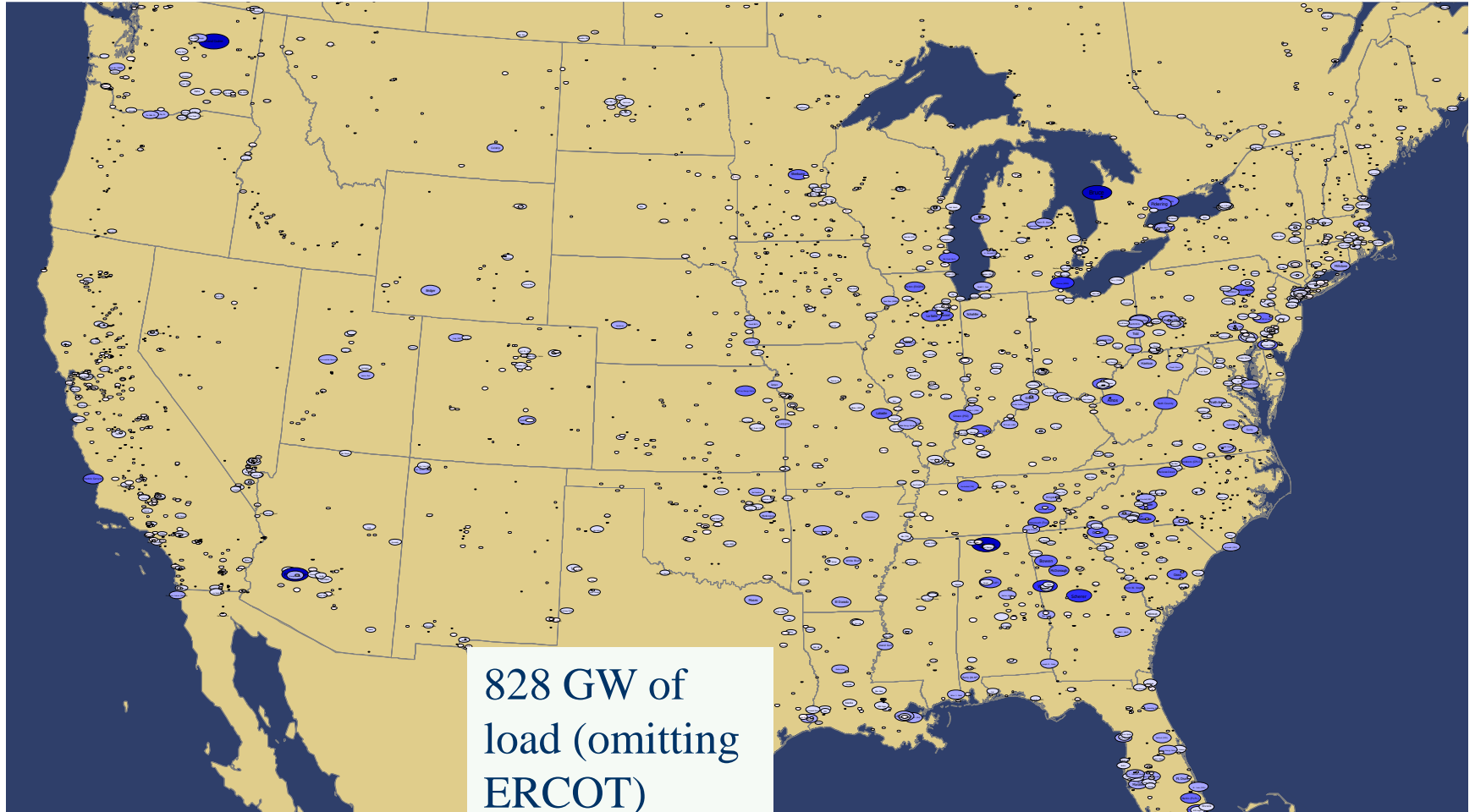


# Electric Interconnections in Texas



Source: [www.puc.texas.gov/industry/maps/maps/ERCOT.pdf](http://www.puc.texas.gov/industry/maps/maps/ERCOT.pdf)

# North America Electric Grid Model Generation



# Electric Frequencies and Residential Voltages Worldwide

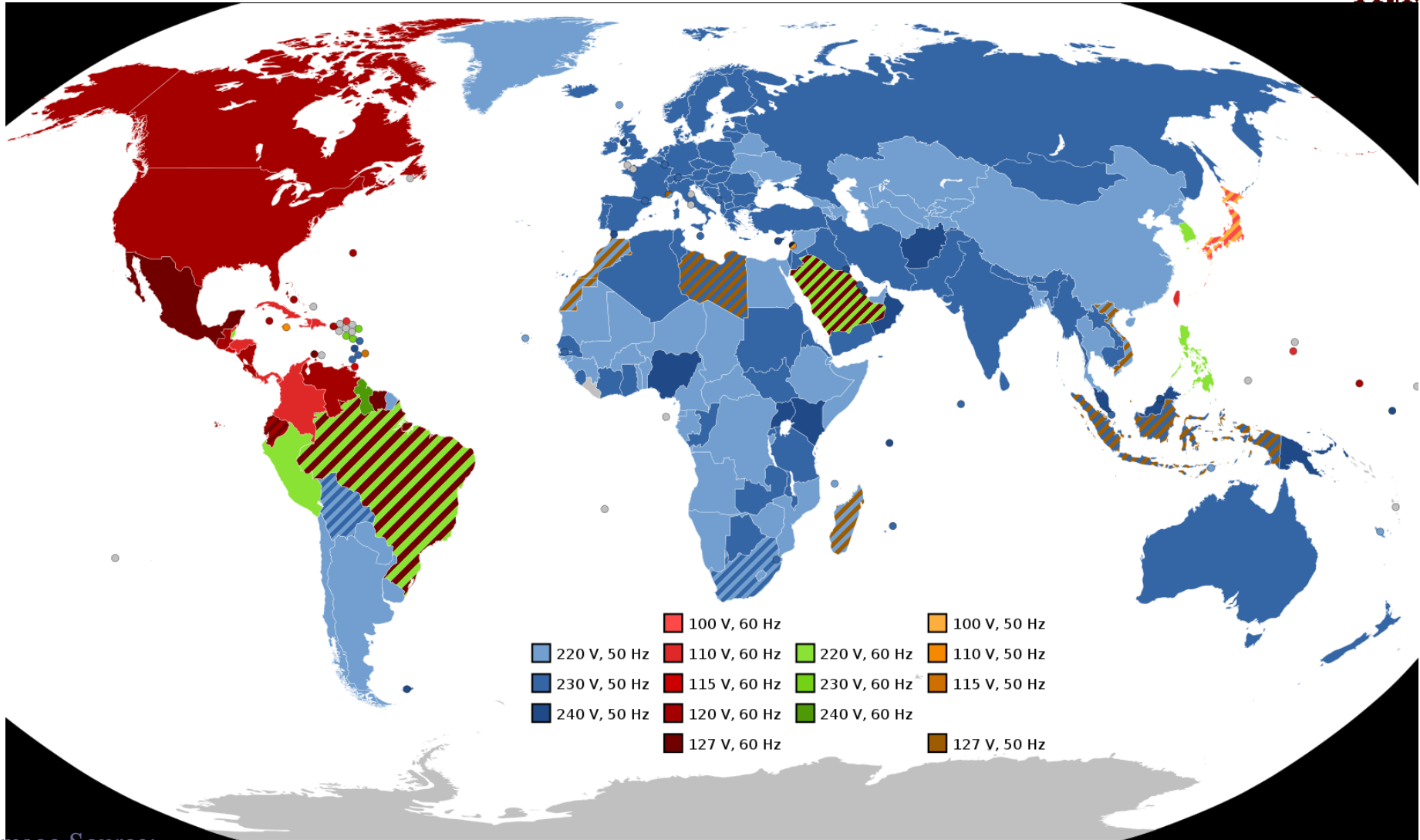


Image Source:

[en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mains\\_electricity\\_by\\_country#/media/File:World\\_Map\\_of\\_Mains\\_Voltages\\_and\\_Frequencies,\\_Detailed.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mains_electricity_by_country#/media/File:World_Map_of_Mains_Voltages_and_Frequencies,_Detailed.svg)